Identifying and responding to incidents: 6 step guide for workers

It is your responsibility to prevent, respond to, and report incidents that may occur when providing supports or services to people with disability.



Identify, prevent and mitigate

- You must take all reasonable steps to prevent all forms of harm.
- If you identify any risks of harm to people with disability talk to your employer.
- Ask your manager or supervisor if you are unsure about how to identify, reduce, and prevent risks to people with disability

When an incident does occur



Ensure immediate safety

- Call '000' if someone needs urgent medical care and/or if there is an immediate and serious risk of harm to you or others.
- Make sure you and the people around you are safe from harm.
- Notify your manager or supervisor.
- Follow your incident management procedures.

(3)

Respond to a disclosure

Sometimes you will not see an incident, but a person with disability will tell you ('make a disclosure') about it. In these circumstances:

- record and report this information as per your incident management procedures and tell your supervisor or manager as soon as possible
- reassure and support the person with disability by staying calm and explaining what will happen next
- listen to the person, writing down the details using their exact words. If you
 need more information to form a general understanding of the allegation,
 ask open questions, and avoid leading questions
- tell the person with disability that you have to report the incident.



Protect evidence

If it is your job to gather the initial information about a reportable incident, you must protect any evidence. For example, depending on the incident:

- do not disturb any evidence that may be required for an investigation
- if there is an alleged sexual assault, try to delay the victim bathing or showering until police arrive
- do not wash the person's clothing or bedlinen, but keep these things safe.



Record and report

If you become aware of a reportable incident you must notify your manager or supervisor as soon as possible. Do not rely on someone else to do this. Follow your workplace incident management procedures, including:

- record what you have seen and heard, including the details of any witnesses
- give your manager or supervisor any notes you have taken
- do not interview the person who is allegedly responsible for the incident.



Report to Police

Any allegation of a criminal offence against a person with disability must be reported to the police. Follow your incident management procedures, and:

- if appropriate, report the alleged offence as soon as possible
- tell the police that the impacted person is a vulnerable person and let them know if they will need communication aides or other supports
- support the person with disability when they are dealing with the police so that their wishes are made known.

NDIS providers must notify the NDIS Commission about a reportable incident that occurs, or is alleged to have occurred,in connection with the NDIS supports or services you deliver.

Reportable incidents are:

- The death of a person with disability
- Serious injury of a person with disability
- Abuse or neglect of a person with disability
- Unlawful sexual or physical contact with, or assault of, a person with disability
- Sexual misconduct, committed against, or in the presence of, a person with disability, including grooming of the person with disability for sexual activity
- Unauthorised use of restrictive practices in relation to a person with disability.







Contact Us | Call: 1800 035 544 (free call from landlines).

Our contact centre is open 9.00am to 4.30pm in the NT, 9.00am to 5.00pm in the ACT, NSW, QLD, SA, TAS and VIC Monday to Friday, excluding public holidays.

Email: reportableincidents@ndiscommission.gov.au | Website: www.ndiscommission.gov.au

Responding to incidents at your service (who to contact, etc):